

NILU's Environmental Management Report

2018

Ole-Anders Braathen, Leif Marsteen, Trine Langholen, Eva Beate Andresen and Heidi Fjeldstad



NILU report 9/2019

NILLI report 9/2019		072.2	CLASSIFICATION *			
	ISBN: 978-82-425-2	973-2	A - Åpen			
	ISSN: 2464-3327					
DATE	SIGNATURE OF RESPO	NSIBLE PERSON	NUMBER OF PAGES			
14.05.2019	Ole-Anders Braathen,	Deputy Director	11			
	(sign.)					
	PROJECT LEADER					
NILU S Environmental Management Repo						
Ole-Anders Braathen Leif Marsteen Trir	QUALITI CONTROLLER					
Fieldstad						
)						
REPORT PREPARED FOR			CONTRACT REF.			
NILU						
ABSTRACT						
One of NILU's main goals is to study the	impact of pollution and	supply decision-makers	with a sound scientific platform for			
choosing measures to reduce the negative	e impacts. Furthermore	e, it is very important fo	r the institute to have control of the			
impact the institute's own activities may	have on the environme	nt and to reduce negation	ive impacts as far as possible.			
			te and the second the former terms of the second sector			
NILU has for many years been working t	o improve the status of	the environment and i	to reduce negative impacts. In order to			
standard and to seek certification accord	ling to the same standa	d	according to a relevant environmental			
		u.				
The chosen standard is ISO 14001 (Enviro	onmental management	systems—Requirement	s with guidance for use) and NILU			
achieved certification according to this s	tandard in October 2010). This report summariz	es the results of the system in 2018.			
NORWEGIAN TITLE			·			
NILU's Environmental Management Repo	ort – 2017					
KEYWORDS						
ISO 14001:2004	Enviro	nment	NILU			
ABSTRACT IN NORWEGIAN						
Et av NILUs hovedmål er å studere forure	ensning og konsekvense	r av forurensning og gi	beslutningstakere en solid plattform			
for valg av tiltak for å redusere negative effekter. Det er også viktig for instituttet å ha kontroll på miljøkonsekvenser av						
Instituttets aktiviteter og redusere negat	ive effekter sa langt sor	n mulig.				
NILU nar i mange ar arbeidet for a forbedre miljøtlistanden og redusere negative miljøettekter. Det ble derfor bestemt a						
Sertinsere dette arbeidet i hennold til standalden 150 14001.2004 – Sertinsering av hinjøstyringssystem.						
NILU ble sertifisert i henhold til ISO 14001 i oktober 2010. Denne rapporten oppsummerer resultatene av						
miljøstyringssystemet i 2018.						
· · · ·						
PUBLICATION TYPE: Digital document (pdf) COVER PICTURE: Source: NILU						
	~.,					

© NILU – Norwegian Institute for Air Research

The publication may be freely cited where the source is acknowledged

NILU's ISO Certifications: NS-EN ISO 9001/ISO 14001. NILU's Accreditation: ISO/IEC 17025.

Contents

1	NILU's Environmental Policy3						
2	Background3						
3	Good examples of NILU's contribution to improve the environment						
4	Status of NILU's environmental indicators						
5	NIL	U's Envi	ronmental Indicators	7			
	5.1	Assessi	ment of NILU's environmental impacts	7			
		5.1.1	Assessment of environmental impacts	7			
	5.2	Energy	consumption	7			
		5.2.1	Heating and cooling systems	7			
		5.2.2	Energy efficiency	7			
		5.2.3	Travels and meetings	8			
		5.2.4	Travels to and from the place of work	8			
	5.3	Waste		8			
		5.3.1	General waste	8			
		5.3.2	Chemical and biological waste	9			
	5.4	Raw m	aterials and resources	9			
		5.4.1	Water consumption	9			
		5.4.2	Consumption of paper and other cellulose-based products	9			
	5.5	Emissic	ons	10			
		5.5.1	Emissions to air	10			
		5.5.2	Emissions to water	10			
	5.6	Procur	ements	10			
		5.6.1	Requirements for suppliers	10			
	5.7	Produc	ts	10			
		5.7.1	Environmentally friendly products	10			
	5.8	Enviror	nmental impacts of NILU's activities	10			
		5.8.1	NILU's research	10			
		5.8.2	NILU's research-based services and products	10			
	5.9	Energy	classification	10			
		5.9.1	Energy classification of the building at Kjeller	10			
	5.10	Danger	ous materials	10			
		5.10.1	Handling of dangerous materials	10			
6	Law	vs and r	egulations	11			
7	Res	ults of I	NILU's actions in 2018	11			
8	NIL	U's plan	ned actions in 2019	11			

NILU's Environmental Management Report 2018

1 NILU's Environmental Policy

NILU's Articles of Association states that part of the object of the foundation is:

- NILU shall through research enhance the understanding of processes and effects relating to the composition of the atmosphere, climatic changes, air quality, and environmental toxicants
- NILU shall deliver research-based services and products nationally and internationally in the fields of analysis, monitoring and counselling to authorities, private enterprises and others
- NILU shall work to spread national and international research-based knowledge about the institute's core areas so that it becomes useful to society

The environmental policy of NILU is thus both to reduce, as far as possible, the negative environmental impact of the institute's activities and to contribute to better management of the environment by providing fundamental knowledge to authorities and other decision-makers.

Integral parts of NILU's environmental management system are assessment of the institute's environmental impacts and an implementation plan with actions to reduce the most important negative impacts as far as possible.

NILU will always comply with relevant laws and regulations.

NILU will continuously maintain and further develop the environmental management system and work to prevent pollution and to improve the institute's environmental impact.

2 Background

One of NILU's main goals is to study environmental consequences of emissions of pollutants and to create a knowledge base for decision makers. NILU's impact can thus be both positive and negative.

It is of high importance to the institute to maintain control of its environmental impact and to reduce the negative impacts as far as possible.

In order to take this one step further, it was decided that the institute should restructure the work according to a relevant environmental standard and to seek certification according to the same standard.

NILU was certified according to ISO 14001:2004 (Environmental management systems-Requirements with guidance for use) in October 2010 and has since maintained its certification.

3 Good examples of NILU's contribution to improve the environment

Long-range transport of air pollution

The European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme (EMEP) is a scientifically based and policy driven programme under the Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution (CLRTAP) for international co-operation to solve transboundary air pollution problems. In the EMEP programme NILU acts as the Chemical Coordinating Centre (EMEP-CCC). In this capacity, NILU has the tasks of developing monitoring strategies, recommending methodologies, offering training and audits and compiling and providing quality assurance for observation data received from the Parties to the EMEP protocol.

Air pollution in the Arctic and Antarctica

NILU is carrying out extensive measurement programs at the Zeppelin Observatory in the Arctic and the Troll Observatory in Antarctica. The two observatories give a very good overview of the state of the globe regarding levels of air pollution in pristine areas.

New Environmental Contaminants

NILU undertakes research and screening studies within the field of environmental chemistry. This includes conventional monitoring activities, but special focus is put on new environmental contaminants and how they spread in and affect the environment.

Microplastics

Plastic is the most prevalent type of marine debris found in the oceans. Plastic particles that are less than five millimetres in length are called "microplastics." NILU has and will continue to carry out research projects in order to improve the understanding of the extent of this problem. NILU took initiative for the national "Forskningskampanjen 2017" where school children were engaged to be part of a research project where they played football and counted the rubber granules at home from football shoes and clothes. The students also filled in results and published on the web-site Miljolare.no.

Air quality assessment and control strategies

NILU carries out air quality assessments for cities in Norway and contributes to the development of abatement strategies for individual cities such as Bergen, Drammen, Oslo and Stavanger. The work includes identifying and quantifying main sources of urban air pollution, as well as advanced air quality calculations to study the effect of control measures to reduce air pollution in urban areas. In this way, NILU helps assessing the effectiveness of measures such as low emission zones and diesel-traffic bans.

Dissemination of air quality information – measurements and forecasts

NILU has a key role in the dissemination of air quality information to the public. Forecasts for the largest cities in Norway and on-line data from all the monitoring stations in Norway are shown on the web-portal (www.luftkvalitet.info). The web-portal is hosted and maintained by NILU on behalf of the Norwegian Public Roads Administration and the Norwegian Environment Agency. NILU is together with the Norwegian Meteorological Institute, responsible for the development and operation of a modelling system for air quality forecasts to inform the public and support local authorities concerning the need for implementing short-term actions in alert situations.

Complementing environmental observing systems

Recognizing the role of citizens and civil society in environmental management, NILU is building environmental monitoring infrastructure that allows the public to take active part in collecting relevant environmental data, through the deployment and testing of novel microsensor networks . These data are used to improve the current environmental management tools, including air quality maps. Awareness raising in the society and direct contribution to environmental management systems are some of the aspects of such activities.

Quality Control and Traceability

NILU works continuously to ensure the quality of measurement data. NILU was appointed National Reference Laboratory for Air Quality (NRL) by the Norwegian Environment Agency in 2001. NRL is responsible for coordinating the community-wide quality assurance programme for air quality assessment in Norway. Important NRL tasks are yearly audits at local measurement network operators, final validation of measurement data, provide traceability in calibrations, and preparing Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and other quality system documentation. All local monitoring networks in Norway that report data to the European Commission are obliged to follow the procedures laid down in the quality system. The system ensures comparability of collected data and gives the decision makers a basis for implementing measures to reduce emission of pollutants.

4 Status of NILU's environmental indicators

Indicator	Parameter	2016	2017	2018	Evaluation
NILU's research	Good examples	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\overline{\mathbf{\cdot}}$
NILU's research based services and products	Good examples	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\overline{}$
Assessment of environmental impacts	Action plan	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\ddot{\mathbf{c}}$
Heating and cooling systems	District heating and cooling	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\overline{}$
Travels and meetings	CO ₂ -emissions due to air travel (kg)	157 715	104 830	155 088	
	Distance travelled by car (km)	104 900	87 504	85 833	\odot
Chemical waste	Chemical waste handled by certified receiver	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\ddot{}$
Water consumption	Consumption of water (m ³)	5 076	4 000	3 804	$\overline{}$
Consumption of paper and other cellulose based products	Printers with registration of users	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$
	Pages of colour print-outs pr. employee	830	693	728	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$
	Pages of black- and white print- outs pr. employee	1 602	1 303	1326	$\ddot{}$
Energy classification of the building at Kjeller	Energy Certificate	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\ddot{\mathbf{c}}$
Handling of dangerous materials	Compliance	Yes	Yes	Yes	$\ddot{}$

(Each indicator is described in detail in chapter 5).

5 NILU's Environmental Indicators

5.1 Assessment of NILU's environmental impacts

5.1.1 Assessment of environmental impacts

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø

Every three years, starting in 2010, NILU carries out an assessment of the main environmental impacts of the institute's activities. An action plan (called "Miljøprogram") for NILU's environmental work in coming years is established based on the current assessment. The action plan is revised every year.

5.2 Energy consumption

5.2.1 Heating and cooling systems

Target location: Kjeller

NILU's main building is located at Kjeller and was, since it was built in 1993/1994, heated and cooled by electric power. In 2010, it was decided to substitute electric power with a centralized heating and cooling operation for the local district. This required major changes in the technical installations serving the building.

Both district heating and cooling has been in use in NILU's building at Kjeller since October 2011.

5.2.2 Energy efficiency

Target location: Kjeller

Electric power consumption was substantially reduced when NILU's building at Kjeller fully switched to district heating and cooling. We originally planned to assess the remaining use of electric power in order to evaluate the potential for further reduction in the energy consumption. However, the costs involved for such an evaluation are prohibitively high, and it was decided not to go through with this activity.

5.2.3 Travels and meetings

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø

NILU has installed equipment for video conferences both at Kjeller and Tromsø. The equipment for video conferences has significantly reduced the need for travel and has improved communication between the two locations.

When ordering a travel, the employee must explain why it is not possible to use the video conference equipment.

NILU has established two parameters to monitor its environmental impact:

- CO₂-emissions due to air travel (kg)
- Distance travelled by car (km)

The emission of CO_2 due to air travel seems to be 48 % higher in 2018 compared to 2017 and 2 % lower compared to 2016. There is a strong reason to believe that the reported emission in 2017 was too low and that the CO_2 -emission has been stable in the 3-years period.

The registered distance travelled by car was 2 % lower in 2018 compared to 2017.

5.2.4 Travels to and from the place of work

This was not addressed in 2018.

5.3 Waste

5.3.1 General waste

Target location: Kjeller

NILU has for several years separated the waste into the following categories:

- Paper and other cellulose-based products
- Glass
- Plastics
- Food waste
- Chemical waste
- Electronic equipment
- Batteries
- General waste

NILU has worked to find a company that can receive all our waste, in order to establish an overview of the total amount of each waste category. However, we have not been able to find an acceptable solution and has decided to continue our current waste handling routines.

The receiver of the general waste, Norsk Gjenvinning AS, has informed us that the types of plastic waste that NILU produces is not recirculated. Consequently, our plastic waste will in the future be part of the general waste.

Target location: Tromsø

At NILU's offices in The Fram Centre, Tromsø, waste generated in offices and kitchens are separated into respective coloured bags for optical separation: food, plastic, paper, other cellulose-based products and general waste. The waste is collected by a certified company on behalf of the Fram Centre A.S. Other wastes such as electronic equipment, batteries, cardboard boxes and glass, are handled by NILU and delivered to the recycling centre in the Fram Centre. Statsbygg Drift, The Fram Centre is responsible for the handling the waste collected at the recycling centre.

5.3.2 Chemical and biological waste

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø

NILU has, for many years, delivered chemical and biological waste to certified receivers and will continue to do so. The receivers are Renor AS for waste generated at Kjeller and Perpetuum AS for waste generated in Tromsø. Both receivers are certified according to ISO9001 and ISO14001.

5.4 Raw materials and resources

5.4.1 Water consumption

Target location: Kjeller

NILU has established the following parameter to monitor its environmental impact:

• Consumption of water (m³)

NILU's consumption of water was 5 % lower in 2018 compared to 2017.

5.4.2 Consumption of paper and other cellulose-based products

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø

NILU uses combined printer/scanner/copy machines. The user must log in, using his/her IDcard, to initiate printing or scanning. The system allows monitoring of the number of printouts, both aggregated to a specified group or on an individual basis.

NILU has established the following parameters to monitor its environmental impact:

- Number (pages) of black-and white print-outs per full time equivalent (FTE)
- Number (pages) of colour print-outs per full time equivalent (FTE)

In 2018, the printing pr. FTE at Kjeller and Tromsø was 13263 pages in black-and-white and 7283 pages in colour. The total printing per FTE was thus 3 % higher in 2018 compared to 2017.

5.5 Emissions

5.5.1 Emissions to air

This was not addressed in 2018.

5.5.2 Emissions to water

This was not addressed in 2018.

5.6 Procurements

5.6.1 Requirements for suppliers

This was not addressed in 2018.

5.7 Products

5.7.1 Environmentally friendly products

This was not addressed in 2018.

5.8 Environmental impacts of NILU's activities

5.8.1 NILU's research

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø The positive environmental impacts of NILU's research are illustrated by examples (Chapter 3).

5.8.2 NILU's research-based services and products

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø The positive environmental impacts of NILU's research-based services and products are illustrated by examples (Chapter 3).

5.9 Energy classification

5.9.1 Energy classification of the building at Kjeller

Target location: Kjeller

It is required that all corporate buildings in Norway, with an area of more than 1000 m², shall be classified according to their energy consumption. The classification of NILU's building at Kjeller was carried out in 2013.

5.10 Dangerous materials

5.10.1 Handling of dangerous materials

Target location: Kjeller and Tromsø

NILU assessed its compliance with the regulation on handling of dangerous materials (FOR-2009-06-08-602) in 2018 and concluded that we are in compliance (see Chapter 6).

6 Laws and regulations

NILU's policy is to be in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations. Every three years we carry out a thorough evaluation of the laws and regulations relevant for NILU and our activities. The conclusion of the evaluation carried out in 2018 was that we are in compliance with all laws and regulations.

A new evaluation of all laws and regulations relevant for NILU and our activities will be repeated in 2021.

7 Results of NILU's actions in 2018

- Maintaining and improving the Environmental Management System (EMS) *This is a continuous effort.*
- Further development of indicators and parameters *The worked continued without any major revisions in 2018.*

8 NILU's planned actions in 2019

- Continue to produce a combined annual report covering NILU's activities relating to the ISO9001 quality management system and ISO14001 environmental management system
- Continue planning the porting of NILU's management systems to an electronic platform
- Evaluate the possibility of reducing use of plastics in the cantina (ISS)

NILU – Norwegian Institute for Air Research

NILU – Norwegian Institute for Air Research is an independent, nonprofit institution established in 1969. Through its research NILU increases the understanding of climate change, of the composition of the atmosphere, of air quality and of hazardous substances. Based on its research, NILU markets integrated services and products within analyzing, monitoring and consulting. NILU is concerned with increasing public awareness about climate change and environmental pollution.

NILU's values:Integrity - Competence - Benefit to societyNILU's vision:Research for a clean atmosphere

NILU – Norwegian Institute for Air Research P.O. Box 100, NO-2027 KJELLER, Norway

E-mail: <u>nilu@nilu.no</u> http://www.nilu.no

ISBN: 978-82-425-2973-2

ISSN: 2464-3327

