

LONG RANGE TRANSPORT OF AIR POLLUTANTS

A cooperative OECD technical programme

AIRCRAFT MEASUREMENTS

DATA COLLECTED WITHIN THE
LRTAP PROGRAMME



CENTRAL COORDINATING UNIT

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*DATA COLLECTED WITHIN THE LRTAP PROGRAMME
(FINAL REPORT)*

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Preface

This report is a compilation of aircraft measurement data contributed by the participating countries in the OECD Cooperative Technical Programme to Study the Long Range Transport of Air Pollutants (LRTAP), presented in a standardized format. The report has been circulated in draft form to the responsible laboratories, and their comments and data corrections are incorporated.

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1 INTRODUCTION

The aircraft sampling programme of air pollutants within the LRTAP Programme started 1 July 1972. It was expanded during the second measurement phase of the project which started 1 January 1974 and terminated 31 March 1975.

A total of 111 individual flights have been reported to the Central Coordinating Unit (CCU) at the Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU). They include air sampling on 92 different days.

The format of reporting data has varied and a standard procedure for presentation is adopted here with a minimum alteration of the original data and remarks.

Preliminary data have earlier been reported by Gotaas (1), and results of analysis from U.K. data have been published by Smith and Jeffrey (2) and Danish data by Heidam (3). This report contains a complete listing of the aircraft sampling within the LRTAP Programme. The results of six similar flights made in 1971 by the Meteorological Office, U.K.

2 OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of the aircraft sampling programme were:

- 1) To verify and correct sulphur dioxide (SO_2) and particulate sulphate (SO_4) concentration fields predicted by the atmospheric dispersion model. The measurements should represent the average concentration from the surface to the top of the mixed layer.
- 2) To obtain vertical profiles of pollutant concentrations under representative transport situations and allow estimates of the relative importance of sinks for these compounds.
- 3) To estimate the conversion rate of sulphur dioxide to sulphuric acid and sulphates by sampling the same air mass at different distance from the main emission sources.

In addition to measuring particulate sulphate and sulphur dioxide, suspended particle concentrations were recorded using either an integrating nephelometer or a particle counter. Meteorological conditions were also concurrently recorded.

Of particular interest as additional information were concentrations of nitrate, ammonium and ammonia, concentration of condensation nuclei and the chemical composition of collected cloud droplet samples.

Procedures for the aircraft sampling and the chemical analyses have been described elsewhere (4,5,6,7).

Coordinated sampling flights over a large region were to coincide with situations of high pollutant concentrations. Through forecasting such situations the participants could be alerted well in advance.

Data from the measurements were to be forwarded by the participants to the CCU within one month from the sampling flights. However, a considerable amount of data going as far back as 1973 was not received before September 1975.

3 PROGRESS OF WORK

The plan for the rather ambitious measurement programme could only be partially implemented. A continuous standby of aircraft equipped with the required instruments could simply not be kept in all the member countries. Considering the practical difficulties, the number of flights was quite high. A total of 48 "episodes" were forecasted and 63 out of 77 proposed flights were executed. Additional flights (mainly by Sweden) brought the total amount to 111.

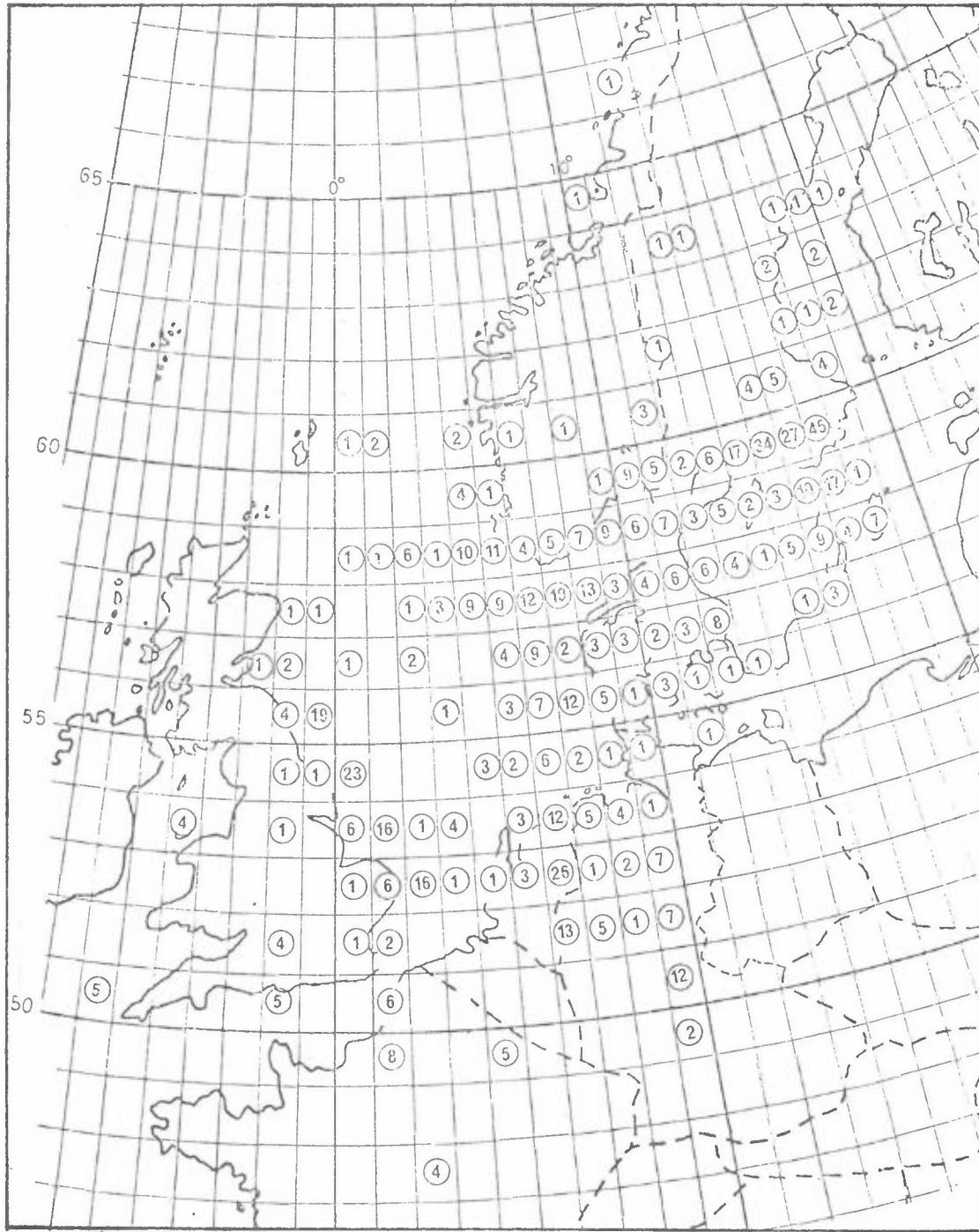


Table 1: Number of flights - country (laboratory)

D = Federal Republic of Germany, DK = Denmark, F = France

N = Norway, S = Sweden, UK-M = United Kingdom (Metereological office)

UK-W = United Kingdom (Warren Spring Laboratory)

Country (laboratory)

YEAR	MONTH	DATE	D	DK	F	N	S	UK-M	UK-W
1972	11	29							1
	12	08							1
1973	03	01						1	1
		23							
	05	09					1	1	
		17							
		23					1		
	06	13					1	1	
		20				1			
		28					1		
	07	02				1			
		03				1			
		04					1		
		07				1			
		15				1			
	08	-09				1		1	
		16				1			
		17				1			
		27				1			
		29				1			
		30				1			
	09	-04						1	
		07						1	
		08						1	
	10	08						1	
	11	05					1		
		22						1	
		28						1	
		12	20				1		
1974	01	03					1	1	
		08					1		
	02	21							1
		28							
	03	01					1		
		13					1		
		14						1	
		19						1	
		21						1	
		27					1		
		28					1		
	04	02					1		
	05	03						1	
		07						1	
		09					1		
		10					1		
		13							
		16						1	

Country (laboratory)

YEAR	MONTH	DATE	D	DK	F	N	S	UK-M	UK-W
1974	05	21				1	.	1	
		27			1	1			
		28							
	06	05					1		
		11					1		
		18			1				
		19				1			
	07	20			1				
		04	1						
		08	1						
		09	1						
		10	2				1		
		11	1				1		
		12				1			
	08	23							1
		13					1		1
		20							1
		21				1		1	
		22				1			
		26							
		27					2		
	09	28					1		
		02					1		
		11		1					
		12				1			
		17					1		
		20					1		
	10	24					1		
		07					1		
		09					1		
		31					1		
	11	15							
		22					1		
		27					1		
	12	04					1		
		20						1	
1975	02	05					1	1	
		06						1	
		12							
		20							
		21		1	1				
		22		1	1	1			
		26				1			
		27				1			
	03	21					1		
SUM			92	8	3	5	37	35	15
									8
1971	07	09							1
	08	25							1
	10	01							1
	10	22							1
									1
TOTAL		97 days	9	3	5	37	35	21	8

Table 1 lists the dates of the 111 individual flights on 92 days, conducted within the Programme and also the 6 flights conducted by United Kingdom in 1971. These flights contain a total of 745 individual measurements of sulphur compounds plus some auxillary observations. Figure 1 shows the geographical distribution of the data points.

4 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

4.1 Sulphur compounds

Filter sampling procedures, specifically designed for measurements of sulphur compounds using light aircraft, were used. The air sample is drawn through two filters in series. The first filter collects the aerosol particles, while the second one, impregnated with potassium hydroxide, collects sulphur dioxide. After exposure, the filters were analysed by wet chemical analysis, either by the barium perchlorate thorin method or by isotopic dilution analysis (IDA). X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy was also used, but only as a check. For further details, see the proposed plan for the second measurement phase (5) and references (8) and (9).

The detection limit is about 1 μg SO_2 per filter. This implies a lower detection limit of about 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for a sampling time of 10 minutes, and about 1-2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ for a sampling time of 30 minutes. These figures may indicate the accuracies of the measurements and are also fairly representative of the SO_4 samplings.

In addition to the impregnated filter method, sampling of sulphur dioxide was also performed by the West and Gaeke method (10), using wet bubblers. The overall accuracy of this method is about the same as for the filters.

For continuous measurement of sulphur dioxide, an instrument designed by Novak (11) was used on a limited number of NILU flights. Its detection limit is about $5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and the response time about 1 minute. Readings were affected by aircraft accelerations, and by changes in the air density. A base-line drift was also noticed. However, through comparing mean values with the corresponding filter values, representative time dependent concentrations during sampling runs could be obtained.

4.2 Particle concentrations

Two different types of optical instruments were used to estimate particle concentrations; integrating nephelometer and Aitken nuclei counter.

The integrating nephelometer measures continuously the aerosol scattering coefficient, b_{sp} , by detecting light scattered from illuminated particles in the air samples (12). The instrument used in Sweden measured scattered light at a wavelength of 450 nm, while the one operated by NILU used 530 nm. Empirical correlations (12) have shown that approximate total mass concentrations may be estimated from the relationship.

$$\text{mass } (\mu\text{g } \text{m}^{-3}) = 4 \times 10^5 b_{sp} (\text{m}^{-1})$$

The light scattering readings are rather sensitive to humidity of the air sample. The Swedish instrument was heated to keep the relative humidity low. The unheated instrument used by NILU may have given somewhat higher readings in moist air. However, this may have been partially compensated by the effect of the longer wavelength used. When the two instrumented aircrafts were flown in formation over Sweden in April 1975, mean values obtained were in good agreement.

On NILU flights, a manually operated particle counter, manufactured by Gardner Association Inc. was used (13). Sample air is drawn into a moistened chamber, the air expanded adiabatically and fog droplets form on the particles. The number of particles is estimated from a photocell read-out and a calibration curve. Although the instrument permits detection of particles down to 10^{-7} cm radius, on these flights the detection limit of 1.3×10^{-5} cm was selected.

A condensation nuclei counter was also used for flights in Denmark.

4.3 Meteorological parameters

The different temperature sensors used are all believed to give an accuracy equal to or better than 0.5°C . That is a value considerably smaller than observed temperature fluctuations during a sampling run. Only a few humidity values are reported.

Wind directions and wind speeds estimated from the aircraft are only reported by the United Kingdom.

Visual observations of cloud and flight conditions are available from most flights.

5 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT USED BY INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES

Table 2 lists the types of sampling equipment used by each participating country.

An intercalibration of the Norwegian, Swedish and German sampling equipment for sulphur compounds was scheduled to take place in Munich in December 1973. However, bad weather conditions prevented the planned formation flights.

On 11 July 1974, a formation flight of the aircrafts from Norway and the Federal Republic of Germany took place over the Netherlands and northwestern Germany at the 300 and 600 m levels. Concentrations of sulphur compounds were low and close to the detection limits. The 8 German readings showed some scatter and gave a mean value of $9.8 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ and a standard deviation of $4.0 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$. The corresponding Norwegian readings were more uniform, with a mean value of $6.2 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ and a standard variation of $1.0 \mu\text{g m}^{-3}$.

The Swedish and the Norwegian sampling equipments were compared in flights over Sweden on 22 April 1975. Samples obtained were analysed using the thorin method at the respective laboratories. For the 3 comparable samples of sulphur dioxide the Swedish values of 10.9, 12.0 and 7.1 corresponded to the Norwegian values of 7.8, 12.2 and 11.8 (all in $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$). The Norwegian samples, analysed by X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy, gave the values of 10.2, 11.1 and 10.2. (The Swedish values are based on 20 min. sampling time, the first two Norwegian values on 40 min. sampling time and the last one on 20 min.). Although the mean values are in relatively good agreement, the individual scatter was quite large and reflects the uncertainties in measurements. The sampling instruments of Warren Spring Laboratory and of the Met. Office/Harwell laboratory were compared in a series of ground level trials in January 1973. The agreement was very good (14).

6 LISTING OF DATA

In the data listing found at the end of this report, the data are listed according to the date of flight. All concentration values are corrected to the same standard pressure (1013.2 mb = 760 mm Hg). The standard temperatures of the original data varied somewhat. U.K. used 15°C (ICAO standard), while the other countries have used either 0°C (Denmark, Federal Republic of Germany and Sweden) or 20°C (Norway). However, these differences in standard temperatures were found to give variations of only 5% or less in the concentration values.

"Time and position" refer to the mid point of the sampling leg. DUR is the duration of sampling. "Height" refers to height in metres above mean sea level. PART is the number of nuclei per cubic centimeter, and SCAT the scattering coefficient b_{sp} , as measured with an integrating nephelometer.

A rough indication is given of wind direction and general weather conditions along the flight tracks in the sampling area. This information is mainly based on synoptic weather maps. Where flight tracks are not evident from the listing of the mid points of the sampling legs, further information is given in Tables 3 and 4.

General remarks:

DENMARK - The original reports contain graphs from which the listed mean particle concentrations have been extracted. On an additional flight on 8 August 1974, the filter sampler failed and only particle concentrations were measured. These data are not listed, but contained in report from the Danish Atomic Energy Commission, Risø-Roskilde (14).

Aircraft used: Dakota (DC-3).

FEDERAL REPUBLIC

OF GERMANY - Due to some technical difficulties with the filter analyses, all SO₂ values reported are those obtained with the West and Gaeke method. Two simultaneous samples were taken. Only the reported mean values are listed.

Aircraft used: Beechcraft Queen Air.

FRANCE

- Filter samplings were performed along prescribed tracks.

Aircraft used: Cessna 206.

NORWAY

- Wet bubblers were originally used for sampling of SO₂, but these data are considered uncertain and are not included in the listing.

Aircraft used: Piper Aztec.

SWEDEN

- From 14 March 1974 onwards, filters and an auto-analyser were used. Maximum and minimum of nephelometer readings were also reported, but are not included in the listing.

Aircraft used: Beechcraft Travel Air.

UNITED KINGDOM - Most of the flights were carried out along tracks selected to measure flux of sulphur compounds out-of England. The Meteorological Office cooperating with the AERE conducted 15 flights (UK-M). Concentration values are corrected for mean filter background (1-3 µg).

Aircraft used: Varsity on all flights except on 20 February 1975 when a Hercules was used.

At the end of the table is listed 6 flights conducted in 1971. Two concurrent samples of SO₂ were made. The mean values are given.

The additional 8 UK flights, were carried out by Warren Spring Laboratory (UK-W), using a Hastings aircraft.

7 PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES

- DENMARK - Aerosol Research Laboratory, Danish Atomic Energy Commission Research Establishment, Risø-Roskilde.
 - Danish Meteorological Institute, Copenhagen.
- FEDERAL REPUBLIC
OF GERMANY - Institut für Meteorologie und Geophysik der Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität, Frankfurt a/Main.
- FRANCE - Etablissement d'Etudes et de Recherches Meteorologiques, Meteorologie Nationale, Observatoire de Magny-les-Hameaux (Yvelines).
- NORWAY - Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU), Lillestrøm.
- SWEDEN - Department of Meteorology, University of Stockholm.
- UNITED KINGDOM - Meteorological Office, Bracknell.
 - Atomic Energy Research Establishment (AERE), Harwell.
 - Warren Spring Laboratory, Hertforshire.

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graphisch-Coulometrisch arbeitenden
Gerät.
Wasser, Luft und Betrieb 15, 366-367
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Howarth, H. On the generality of correlation
of atmospheric aerosol mass concen-
tration and light scatter.
Atm.Env. 2, 455-464 (1968).
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Gardner Associates, Inc.,
Scheneetady, USA 1962.
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performance of methods used in
aircraft for sampling sulphur
dioxide and particulate sulphates.
U.K. Atomic Energy Authority Report
AERE-R M614 (1974).

Table 2: Sampling equipment used by aircraft in the LRTAP Programme

COUNTRY	PARAMETER	INSTRUMENT METHOD	ANALYSIS METHOD	PERIOD	REMARKS	Estimated accuracy of values
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY (D)	SO ₂ SO ₄	Wash bottle Tetrachloro-mercurate solution for SO ₂	West and Gaeke	All flights		
DENMARK (DK)	SO ₂ SO ₄	Filters in series	Isotope dilution analysis	All flights		10% for SO ₄ and SO ₂
	Number of condensation nuclei	Aitken counter			Diam. less than 0.2μm	
FRANCE (F)	SO ₂ SO ₄	Filters in series	Barium perchlorate-thorin	All flights		
NORWAY (N)	SO ₂ SO ₄	Filters in series	Barium perchlorate-thorin	All flights		1.5 μg/m ³ for 30 min sampling
	Number of condensation nuclei	Gardner's small particle sampler				2 μg/m ³ for 30 min sampling
	Scattering coefficient b _{sp}	Integrating nephelometer			Wave-length 530	

Table 2 (continued) .

COUNTRY	PARAMETER	INSTRUMENT METHOD	ANALYSING TECHNIQUE	PERIOD	REMARKS	Estimated accuracy of values
SWEDEN (S)	SO ₂	Wet absorption peroxide solution	Barium perchlorate-thorin	Before 14 March 1974	Filterdiameter 180 mm	
	SO ₄	Glas fiber filter				
	SO ₂ + SO ₄	Filter in series	Barium perchlorate-thorin	Since 14 March 1974	Whatman 40-diam. 47 mm	3 µg/m ³ for 10 min sampling
	SO ₄	Special impactor probe for sampling in cloud	" "	On special flights in clouds	For details contact Swedish laboratory	
	Scattering coefficient b _{sp}	Integrating nephelometer			Wavelength 450 nm	
UNITED KINGDOM (UK-M)	SO ₂ + SO ₄	Filters in series	Barium perchlorate-thorin			See reference (9)
UNITED KINGDOM (UK-W)	SO ₂	Tetrachloromercurate	West and Gaeke			
	SO ₄	Filter	Barium perchlorate-thorin			
	Sodium	" "	Flame photometer			
	Chloride	" "	Potentiometric			
	Ammonium	" "	Indophenol blue			

Table 3. FLIGHT TRACKS - UK-W, DANISH AND SOME NORWEGIAN FLIGHTS.

FLIGHT NO DATE	START			STOP			HEIGHT (m) (REMARKS)	
	TIME	POSITION		TIME	POSITION			
		N	E (W)		N	E (W)		
501 721129	1011	5200	0155	1038	5315	0155	152	
	1040	5315	0155	1100	5430	0155	76	
	1114	5430	0155	1145	5300	0155	671	
	1155	5250	0155	1227	5430	0155	274	
	1239	5430	0155	1331	5200	0155	914	
502 721208	1115	5540	0750	1145	5700	0530	152	
	1150	5700	0530	1215	5755	0350	152	
	1223	5750	0400	1248	5655	0555	366	
	1255	5645	0610	1321	5600	0745	366	
	1340	5525	0710	1440	5400	0310	1830	
503 730301	0940	5547	0237	1026	5502	0628	1520	
	1030	5506	0655	1105	5640	0520	610	
	1105	5640	0520	1142	5824	0321	610	
	1154	5824	0321	1237	5703	0501	152	
	1250	5625	0544	1320	5506	0700	610	
507 730830	0915	5331	0316	1004	5127	0141	152	
	1015	5134	0154	1100	5335	0225	1370	
	1104	5335	0225	1155	5125	0143	762	
	1157	5125	0145	1220	5109	0118	610	
512 731122	1120	5503	0656	1202	5654	0508	152	
	1211	5655	0518	1251	5507	0702	610	
	1257	5507	0658	1322	5600	0603	457	
	1323	5600	0603	1346	5655	0502	457	
	1349	5655	0513	1427	5505	0658	914	
	1429	5505	0658	1608	5230	0032	2440	
516 740723	1145	5505	0655	1231	5710	0540	1830	
	1238	5710	0540	1327	5505	0655	610	
	1333	5526	0641	1357	5618	0614	152	
	1400	5631	0607	1426	5730	0535	152	
517 740813	1032	5344	0103	1107	5424	0033	305	
	1116	5446	0020	1154	5318	0127	914	
	1159	5318	0127	1245	5525	W0005	1520	
	1251	5525	W0005	1318	5411	0047	152	
	1327	5342	0109	1352	5203	0134	1750	
518 740821	1003	5112	0136	1051	5325	0259	914	
	1100	5331	0312	1150	5112	0136	152	
	1155	5112	0136	1246	5331	0312	305	
	1254	5331	0312	1342	5112	0136	1520	

Table 3 (continued) .

FLIGHT NO DATE	START			STOP			HEIGHT (m) (REMARKS)	
	TIME	POSITION		TIME	POSITION			
		N	E (W)		N	E (W)		
401 740708	1015	5150	0620	1025	5210	0620	270	
	1027	5215	0620	1037	5232	0620	270	
	1040	5229	0620	1050	5215	0620	150	
	1050	5212	0620	1100	5150	0620	150	
	1103	5150	0620	1113	5210	0620	370	
	1114	5215	0620	1124	5235	0620	370	
	1125	5242	0620	1135	5304	0620	370	
	1136	5316	0620	1146	5330	0620	370	
	1147	5330	0620	1157	5316	0620	250	
	1158	5304	0620	1208	5242	0620	250	
402 740709	1434	5150	0620	1444	5207	0620	300	
	1445	5210	0620	1455	5229	0620	300	
	1508	5300	0635	1523	5300	0718	150	
	1525	5300	0719	1540	5300	0635	300	
	1546	5300	0635	1601	5300	0719	300	
	1602	5300	0719	1617	5300	0635	500	
	1626	5304	0620	1641	5330	0620	1100	
	1642	5319	0620	1657	5329	0620	1100	
403 740710	0928	5123	0732	0942	5131	0838	770	
	0942	5132	0853	0957	5112	0920	VIA 5130N 0920E	
	0958	5107	0920	1013	5030	0920	770	
	1016	5031	0920	1031	5107	0920	620	
	1034	5104	0920	1049	5026	0920	1100	
	1050	5026	0920	1005	4945	0920	1100	
	1108	4951	0920	1123	5030	0920	770	
	1125	5030	0920	1140	4949	0920	620	
	1142	4951	0920	1157	5030	0920	920	
	1158	5031	0920	1213	5107	0920	920	
	1420	5133	0920	1435	5210	0920	1100	
	1440	5207	0920	1455	5130	0920	490	
404 740710	1457	5130	0920	1512	5210	0920	770	
	1513	5210	0920	1528	5250	0920	770	
	1531	5250	0920	1546	5214	0920	460	
	1550	5214	0920	1605	5250	0920	1100	
	1608	5300	0911	1624	5300	0821	770	
	1625	5300	0814	1641	5300	0719	770	
	1641	5300	0719	1656	5300	0628	770	
	1657	5251	0620	1712	5216	0620	770	
	1725	5140	0620	1738	5124	0657	400	

Table 3 (continued) .

FLIGHT NO DATE	START			STOP			HEIGHT (m) (REMARKS)	
	TIME	POSITION		TIME	POSITION			
		N	E (W)		N	E (W)		
405 740711	0957	5150	0620	1012	5215	0620	310	
	1015	5229	0620	1030	5300	0620	310	
	1034	5300	0615	1049	5300	0540	370	
	1051	5300	0540	1106	5300	0618	400	
	1110	5242	0620	1125	5215	0620	380	
	1135	5139	0627	1145	5124	0657	310	
406 740911	1034	4930	0920	1049	5004	0920	770	
	1049	5004	0920	1104	5035	0920	770	
	1104	5035	0920	1119	5110	0920	770	
	1119	5111	0920	1134	5145	0920	770	
	1135	5147	0920	1150	5222	0920	770	
	1152	5226	0920	1207	5300	0920	430	
	1214	5307	0920	1229	5236	0920	710	
	1229	5236	0920	1244	5213	0920	710	
	1245	5210	0920	1300	5141	0920	1100	
	1300	5141	0920	1315	5115	0920	1100	
	1315	5115	0920	1330	5041	0920	1100	
	1331	5038	0920	1346	5005	0920	1100	
	1346	5005	0920	1400	4936	0920	620	
301 750206	0825	5535	0900	0855	5514	0717	VIA 5535N 0810E	
	0900	5510	0655	0910	5455	0625		
	0915	5450	0605	0936	5425	0500		
	0938	5425	0500	1008	5340	0325		
	1010	5338	0315	1040	5308	0252	VIA 5305N 0200E	
	1041	5308	0252	1110	5355	0405		
	1112	5358	0408	1142	5439	0549		
	1147	5440	0555	1217	5512	0725		
	1220	5515	0435	1250	5515	0922	VIA 5530N 0628E	
	1253	5514	0930	1323	5520	1125	VIA 5455N 1035E	
302 750221	1336	5705	0843	1406	5608	1005		
	1412	5608	1005	1441	5503	1124		
	1446	5503	1124	1502	5431	1159		
303 750222	1056	5503	1410	1116	5508	1314		
	1117	5505	1314	1137	5502	1200	VIA 5500N 1223E	
	1138	5505	1200	1158	5507	1058		
	1200	5507	1058	1238	5519	0850		
	1240	5519	0850	1300	5505	0751	VIA 5525N 0749E	
	1302	5505	0751	1322	5513	0913		
	1337	5529	1020	1354	5542	1134		

Table 3 (continued) .

FLIGHT NO DATE	START				STOP		HEIGHT (m) (REMARKS)	
	TIME	POSITION		TIME	POSITION			
		N	E (W)		N	E (W)		
26 740710	0936	5143	0620	0951	5220	0620	300	
	0953	5220	0620	1008	5143	0620	500	
	1010	5143	0620	1028	5220	0620	800	
	1028	5222	0620	1043	5257	0620	800	
	1045	5257	0620	1100	5222	0620	900	
	1102	5222	0620	1117	5257	0620	740	
	1119	5300	0628	1134	5300	0730	240	
	1136	5300	0730	1151	5300	0648	500	
	1154	5300	0650	1209	5300	0910	800	
	1211	5300	0810	1224	5306	0910	800	
	1226	5306	0910	1241	5303	0810	500	
	1244	5303	0810	1259	5307	0930	240	
27 740711	CONCURRENT WITH GERMAN FLIGHT 405 - FORMATION FLIGHT							
	29	1235	5935	1045	1305	5855	0955	
		1307	5850	0945	1337	5805	0800	
		1443	5805	0800	1513	5715	0705	
		1515	5710	0705	1545	5620	0605	
		1547	5620	0600	1617	5620	0420	
		1620	5620	0430	1650	5620	0650	
		1652	5625	0650	1722	5735	0715	
		1724	5745	0725	1754	5810	0800	
		1756	5830	0850	1826	5910	1010	
30 740826	1125	5927	1040	1155	5835	1100	340	
	1157	5830	1105	1227	5730	1135	300	
	1230	5725	1140	1300	5625	1220	300	
	1302	5625	1225	1318	5625	1230	VIA 5605N 1230E	
	1321	5630	1230	1341	5720	1130	150	
	1343	5720	1140	1403	5640	1220	450	
	1406	5635	1215	1436	5740	1140	760	
	1539	5740	1120	1559	5835	1100	460	
	1602	5840	1055	1629	5940	1035	760	

Table 4. FLIGHT TRACKS - UK-M AND FRANCE

FLIGHT NO DATE	FLIGHT TRACKS
504 730323	Samples made during slow climb or decent off east UK coast.
505 730517	Test flight near Isle of Wight.
506 730809	Between 5330N 0200E and 5355 0055E.
508 730904	Between 5335N 0110E and 5455N 0000.
509 730907	Between 5555N-0050W and 5435N 0020E.
510 730908	Betwwen 5635N 0735E-5550N 0745E and 5505N 0710E.
511 731008	Same as 509
513 731122	Same as 509.
514 740221	5355N 0055E-5255N 0140E
515 740521	Same as 510
519 740822	Between 5815N 0510E and 5715N 0640E.
520 740828	Between 5535N 0030W and 5415N 0040E.
521 741220	Same as 510
522 750205	Between 5000N 0625W and 5105N 0540W.
523 750220	170km leg oriented NW-SE
601 740528	Between 4740N 0120E and 4740N 0245E.
602 740618	Between 4845N 0345E and 4955N 0315E
603 740620	Same as 602
604 750205	Between 4955N 0405E and 4945N 0450E.
605 750222	Between 4955N 0105E and 5005N 0150E

APPENDIX:

DATA LISTING

CLOUD ABBREVIATIONS USED

Sc	-	Stratocumulus	-	cloud at low levels
St	-	Stratus	-	cloud at low levels
As	-	Altostatus	-	cloud at medium level
Cu	-	Cumulus	-	cloud normally through more levels (low + medium)
Cb	-	Cumulonimbus	-	shower clouds

NUMBER CODE

1	→	37	Norway	- N
201	→	235	Sweden	- S
301	→	303	Denmark	- DK
401	→	408	Federal Republic of Germany	- D
501	→	501	United Kingdom	- UK
501	→	605	France	- F

NO.	LAB.	DATE	SAMPLING		POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. ugm ⁻³		PART. *10 ⁻⁶ cm ⁻³	SCAT. *10 ⁻⁶ m ⁻¹	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)			SO ₂	SO ₄				
501	UK-W	721129	1025	27	5233	0155	150	992	43	-	Wind:			
		1050	20	4	5338	0155	75	994	36	-	240°-12 ms ⁻¹ NH ₄ Cl Na			
		1130	31	5345	0155	670	925	7	15	Wind:	250°-17 ms ⁻¹	9	11	1
		1211	32	5340	0155	275	970	29	8		250°-17 ms ⁻¹	3	36	12
		1305	52	5315	0155	915	902	1	-		250°-16 ms ⁻¹			
		STRONG W WINDS - OVERCAST - AHEAD WARM FRONT												ug m ⁻³
502	UK-W	721208	1130	30	5620	0640	150	985	6	-	Wind:			
		1203	25	5728	0440	150	984	2	-		170°-4 ms ⁻¹ NH ₄ Cl Na			
		1235	25	5723	0458	365	959	2	2		205°-4 ms ⁻¹	2	6	3
		1308	26	5623	0658	365	960	4	2		205°-4 ms ⁻¹	3	5	2
		1410	60	5543	0500	1830	804	0	0		235°-12 ms ⁻¹	0	-	-
		SW FLOW - SCATTERED RAINSHOWERS												ug m ⁻³
503	UK-W	730301	1003	46	5425	0432	1520	850	-	17	Wind:			
		1048	35	5553	0607	610	947	3	-		235°-12 ms ⁻¹	-	21	9
		1123	37	5732	0420	610	944	35	-		200°-10 ms ⁻¹	-	-	-
		1206	33	5743	0410	150	996	45	67		180°-11 ms ⁻¹	56	56	104
		1305	30	5545	0622	610	946	14	41		240°-12 ms ⁻¹	3	27	21
		SW FLOW - OVERCAST - AHEAD WARM FRONT												ug m ⁻³

NO.	LAB.	DATE	SAMPLING	POSITION			HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	PART. • 10 ² cm ⁻³	SCAT. • 10 ⁻⁶ m ⁻¹	TEMP. °C	REMARKS	
				TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)						
1	N	730620	SE FLOW - CLEAR - INVERSION BASE AT 1300 M	1200	10	5705	0730	1450	860	2	3	-	-
				1215	10	5705	0610	1450	860	3	15	-	-
				1230	10	5705	0500	1450	860	8	17	-	-
				1245	10	5705	0340	1450	860	6	14	-	-
				1300	10	5705	0400	1450	860	5	5	-	-
				1315	10	5705	0450	1450	860	4	2	-	-
				1330	10	5705	0540	1450	860	0	0	-	-
				1345	10	5705	0630	1450	860	0	0	-	-
204	S	730628	SW FLOW - VERY HAZY - CLOSE TO FRONTAL ZONE	1300	10	5920	1740	350	970	-	36	-	320
				1320	10	5920	1740	300	977	43	41	-	-
2	N	730702	SW FLOW - HAZY AHEAD COLD FRONT - CLOUDY	1135	10	5950	0420	1450	856	19	-	-	-
				1145	10	5925	0420	1450	856	17	-	-	-
				1200	10	5905	0420	1500	851	18	-	-	-
				1210	10	5840	0440	1500	853	18	-	-	-
				1220	10	5815	0455	1450	856	14	-	-	-
				1235	10	5805	0535	1450	849	25	-	-	-
				1245	10	5750	0620	1500	849	-	-	-	-
				1300	10	5740	0650	1500	849	14	-	-	-
				1310	10	5725	0735	1450	855	10	-	-	-

NO.	LAB.	DATE,	SAMPLING			POSITION-		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. μgm^{-3}		PART. $\cdot 10^2$ cm^{-3}	SCAT. $\cdot 10^{-6}$ m^{-1}	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)	SO ₂			SO ₄					
213	S	740503	0955	15	5920	1715	300	976	4	3	-	22	10	Some haze	
			1015	15	5915	1540	930	908	3	3	-	22	4	Hazy	
			1035	15	5900	1400	1500	841	4	3	-	16	1	1/8 Cu; one can see the haze layer	
			1100	15	5900	1510	950	902	3	4	-	22	6	1/8 Cu	
			1115	13	5905	1510	950	902	3	4	-	22	4	1/8 Cu	
			1135	15	5915	1600	600	942	2	3	-	20	8	1/8 "	
			WEAK FLOW - A FEW CU CLOUDS - HAZY												
214	S	740507	0940	15	5920	1710	300	984	3	2	-	-	10	Somewhat hazy	
			1000	15	5910	1535	650	944	2	2	-	-	7	"	
			1020	15	5920	1420	1000	904	2	2	-	-	2	"	
			1040	15	5930	1240	1900	808	0	2	-	-	-4	"	
			1535	15	5945	1155	2200	779	0	2	-	-	-4	"	
			1615	15	5910	1440	600	950	1	2	-	-	10	"	
			1630	10	5905	1550	600	950	0	3	-	-	8	"	
			1640	10	5915	1645	600	950	0	3	-	-	5	"	
			ENE FLOW - CLEAR												
20	N	740509	1720	30	5815	0500	450	966	9	10	-	-	-	-	
			1750	30	5730	0315	450	963	16	11	-	-	-	-	
			1820	30	5615	0240	700	932	44	20	-	-	-	-	
			1850	30	5615	0240	850	918	42	21	-	-	-	-	
			1920	30	5730	0315	850	915	54	24	-	-	-	-	
			1950	30	5815	0500	1000	901	34	12	-	-	-	-	
			S FLOW - PARTLY CLOUDY												

NO.	LAB.	DATE,	SAMPLING			POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC; µgm ⁻³		PART. • 10 ² cm ⁻³	SCAT. • 10 ⁻⁶ m ⁻¹	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)	SO ₂			SO ₄					
26	N	740710	0945	15	5200	0620	300	977	5	1	500	80	17.5	16	2
			1000	15	5200	0620	500	956	6	1	400	85	15.8	23	1
			1020	15	5200	0620	800	918	7	1	-	90	13.4	10	5 4Sc at top 1500 m
			1035	15	5240	0620	800	918	2	1	-	75	13.3	-	
			1050	15	5240	0620	500	952	3	1	250	80	15.9	900 m	
			1110	15	5240	0620	240	988	3	1	200	90	18.5	-	
			1125	15	5300	0700	240	977	2	1	200	45	18.8	5/8 Sc + Cu	
			1145	15	5300	0710	500	956	1	1	200	40	16.4	-	
			1200	15	5310	0730	800	925	3	2	200	50	13.7	-	
			1215	13	5303	0840	800	922	2	2	200	60	14.0	5/8 Cu at top 1000 m	
			1235	15	5305	0840	500	959	1	1	200	55	16.5	-	
			1250	15	5305	0850	240	977	2	2	-	55	18.5	-	
			1528	20	5230	0820	500	956	3	3	70	70	17.5	7/8 Sc+Cu at 1200 m	
			1550	17	5155	0730	500	956	23	6	70	150	17.8	Haze	
			1605	8	5130	0705	500	952	122	13	100	220	19.0	2/8Sc+7/8Ac, thick haze	
			WNW FLOW - CLOUDY												
-406	D	740711	1005	15	5203	0620	310	970	8	21	-	-	-	-	
			1020	15	5245	0620	310	968	12	23	-	-	-	-	
			1040	15	5300	0558	370	965	17	22	-	-	-	-	
			1100	15	5300	0559	400	960	7	20	-	-	-	-	
			1115	15	5229	0620	380	960	8	20	-	-	-	-	
			1140	10	5132	0642	310	965	7	34	-	-	-	-	
			STRONG WNW FLOW - CLOUDY												

NO.	LAB.	PARTY	SAMPLING		POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. μgm^{-3}		PART. $\cdot 10^2$ cm^{-3}	SCAT. $\cdot 10^{-6}$ m^{-1}	TEMP. $^{\circ}\text{C}$	REMARKS	
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)			SO ₂	SO ₄					
218	S	740820	1000	10	5920	1720	330	990	1	0	-	5	15.9	1/8 Cu clear weather	
		1015	10	5920	1650	330	990	3	2	-	-	10	16.0	1/8 Cu	
		1030	10	5915	1535	950	921	1	-	-	-	10	10.5	1/8 Cu, 3/8 Ci	
		1040	10	5905	1440	950	921	1	0	-	-	5	11.2	1/8 Cu, 4/8 Ci	
		1100	10	5900	1335	1540	855	0	1	-	-	0	7.4	1/8 Cu, 5/8 Ci	
		1110	10	5900	1355	1250	888	1	2	-	-	5	10.2	2/8 Cu, 5/8 Ci	
		1125	10	5905	1440	1250	888	0	0	-	-	5	10.0	2/8 Cu, 4/8 Ci	
		1140	10	5915	1535	650	954	2	1	-	-	10	13.2	2/8 Cu, 2/8 Ci	
		1155	10	5945	1635	650	954	3	2	-	-	10	14.7	2/8 Cu	
		1210	10	5915	1710	330	990	1	1	-	-	10	17.2	2/8 Cu	
		WEAK FLOW - HIGH PRESSURE CENTER													
29	N	740821	1250	30	5915	1020	600	952	2	1	42	20	12.7	2/8 Sc at 750 m	
		1320	30	5825	0815	600	952	1	1	13	18	12.1	Top Cf haze 750 m,		
		1455	30	5740	0730	450	970	1	1	10	20	2/8 Sc	at 600 m		
		1530	30	5645	0635	450	970	1	3	42	30	12.7	4/8 Sc + Cu at 600m		
		1600	34	5620	0510	450	970	1	1	30	60	13.3	3/8 Sc at 500 m		
		1635	30	5620	0540	900	918	10	6	-	220	12.6	1/8 Sc, 7/8 As+Cs		
												SO ₂ :max/min			
		1605	30	5700	0700	600	952	2	1	-	35	11.7	4/8 Sc		
		1740	30	5755	0750	600	950	1	1	-	21	11.4	4/8 Sc		
		1810	30	5850	0930	150	998	2	1	-	30	15.2	7/8 AC+As		
		SW FLOW AHEAD OF COLD FRONT OVER ENGLAND - HAZE - CLOUDY													
518	UK-W	740821	1027	48	5219	0217	915	918	2	5	-	-	Wind:		
		1125	50	5222	0224	150	1006	10	13	-	-	065°- 4 ms ⁻¹	Na: 2		
		1220	51	5222	0224	305	987	8	7	-	-	160°- 2 ms ⁻¹	4		
		1328	48	5222	0224	1520	852	0	1	-	-	070°- 4 ms ⁻¹	1		
		WEAK FLOW - CLEAR													
												255°- 4 ms ⁻¹	0		
												μg m ⁻³			

NO.	LAB.	NAME	SAMPLING			POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. µgm⁻³		PART. • 10² cm⁻³	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)	SO₂			SO₂	SO₄			
219	S	740827	0940	10	5920	1735	320	983	8	40	-	310	21,1	Very hazy
			0950	10	5915	1710	320	983	3	25	-	270	20,8	"
			1010	10	5910	1535	870	92;	3	13	-	190	16,5	4/8 Cu above
			1025	10	5900	1430	1520	85;	3	6	-	95	11,9	Hazy; 6/8 Cu, partly in clouds
			1040	10	5830	1325	950	914	5	16	-	185	16,1	8/8 Cu
			1050	10	5815	1255	700	941	4	10	-	180	19,3	"
			1105	10	5755	1230	700	941	4	11	-	210	18,6	6/8 "
			1115	7	5745	1205	700	941	16	12	-	190	16,5	Very hazy, 8/8 Cb
			SSE FLOW - SCATTERED SHOWERS											
220	S	740827	1855	10	5745	1310	1550	840	11	14	-	150	10,1	Partly in clouds; passing through cold front with rain
			1905	10	5745	1400	1550	849	4	11	-	80	8,7	Partly in clouds, rain
			1930	10	5810	1510	950	914	4	1C	-	185	15,5	Below clouds (8/8)
			1945	10	5835	1605	1600	844	2	9	-	90	11,9	4/8 clouds above
			2000	15	5900	1730	1550	849	1	5	-	50	12,1	
			SSE FLOW - PASSING THROUGH COLD FRONT NEAR 14 DEGREES EAST											
			1905	10	5745	1400	1550	849	4	11	-	80	8,7	
			1930	10	5810	1510	950	914	4	1C	-	185	15,5	
			1945	10	5835	1605	1600	844	2	9	-	90	11,9	
			2000	15	5900	1730	1550	849	1	5	-	50	12,1	
			concurrently with 5 preceding samples:											
			SSE FLOW - PARTLY CLOUDY											
220	UK-M	740828	1555	20	5500	0100%	2180	783	0	0	-	3	190°	12 ms⁻¹
			1650	42	5456	0000	50	1014	11	12	-	14	150°	12 ms⁻¹
			1730	27	5456	0000	350	978	35	11	-	13	170°	12 ms⁻¹
			1805	38	5456	0000	800	92;	30	11	-	9	180°	10 ms⁻¹
			1845	28	5456	0000	1170	886	46	9	-	6	200°	07 ms⁻¹
			1920	36	5456	0000	1570	844	36	10	-	3	190°	09 ms⁻¹

NO.	LAB.	LAT°;	SAMPLING			POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. µgm⁻³		PART. • 10² cm⁻³	SCAT. • 10⁻⁶ m⁻¹	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)	SO₂			SO₂	SO₄				
221	S	740828	1055	10	5900	1730	1920	815	1	7	-	50	9,7	Partly in clouds and rain	
			1110	10	5845	1745	1920	815	2	13	-	130	10,8	Clouds both below and above	
			1130	10	5755	1810	950	915	2	10	-	140	16,4	Hazy, clouds above	
			1140	10	5735	1805	640	949	4	12	-	170	18,0	Very hazy; 8/8 clouds above	
			1210	13	5645	1640	640	949	2	4	-	45	16,6	Partly in clouds	
			1230	13	5645	1640	640	949	1	5	-	60	16,1	" " and rain	
			1245	11	5715	1725	640	949	4	14	-	225	16,5	" " rain, Hazy	
			1255	10	5735	1805	640	949	3	10	-	130	17,9	Hazy	
			1310	10	5755	1805	350	981	2	10	-	160	20,4	" "	
			1330	9	5850	1735	1600	845	2	12	-	135	12,6	" "	
			SSE FLOW - ALONG COLD FRONT -			PARTLY IN RAIN									
222	S	740902	1130	10	5910	1745	340	975	11	20	-	260	18,5	Very hazy, 7/8 clouds above	
			1140	12	5855	1730	340	975	6	19	-	280	18,4	" " 7/8 "	
			1155	10	5830	1700	400	968	3	10	-	120	18,6	Hazy, no clouds	
			1210	10	5755	1650	940	909	5	8	-	70	14,7	Hazy	
			1240	11	5735	1645	650	941	11	10	-	80	16,8	Hazy; Cu above	
			1255	12	5820	1655	340	975	5	8	-	80	18,8	Hazy	
			1310	13	5855	1730	340	975	2	8	-	75	18,4	Hazy	
			S FLOW - SCATTERED SHOWERS												
31	N	740911	1300	30	5730	0720	370	973	10	5	50	-	14,5	SCo₂ : max-min	
			1335	30	5630	0610	520	942	26	5	38	170	11,8	17 6 6/8 Sc at 450m, top	
			1405	25	5520	0500	520	959	34	10	-	100	13,7	1000 m Haze below	
			1510	31	5325	0310	520	959	18	7	38	-	15,6	600 m	
			1544	30	5225	0220	460	966	9	6	37	-	16,5	1100 m Haze below	
			1605	7	5150	0135	460	963	12	9	-	-	16,7	Top of haze at 900 m	

(continuous)

NO.	LAB.	DIR.	SAMPLING			POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC. μgm⁻³		PART. • 10² cm⁻³	SCAT. • 10⁻⁶ m⁻¹	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)	SO₂			SO₄					
225	S	740924	1125	10	5920	1725	350	962	9	7	-	110	13.8	Very hazy, 8/8 As above	
			1135	10	5920	1630	350	962	11	7	-	110	14.1	" " 8/8 "	
			1150	10	5915	1515	950	896	11	5	-	75	9.9	" " 3/8 Cu at	
			1200	10	5905	1445	950	896	8	4	-	60	8.8	1000 m, 8/8 As	
			1215	10	5905	1445	630	931	7	4	-	65	11.1	Hazy, partly in rain	
			1230	15	5910	1540	630	931	8	6	-	95	11.4	Hazy, 8/8 As	
			1250	12	5915	1645	630	931	7	6	-	100	11.3	Very hazy, partly in rain	
			STRONG S FLOW - AHEAD WARM FRONT - PARTLY IN RAIN												" " " "
226	S	741007	1015	16	5845	1705	1800	811	1	0	-	25	-2	8/8ST below, clear	
			1045	19	5745	1615	1800	811	2	0	-	10	-3	Between layers, partly in clouds	
			SE FLOW - ABOVE OVERCAST												
227	S	741009	1450	15	5655	1500	1500	842	0	0	-	320	0	In NS clouds, rain	
			1510	15	5725	1535	1500	842	0	0	-	35	-1	" "	
			1525	15	5755	1620	1500	842	0	0	-	200	0	" "	
			1550	15	5835	1655	1500	842	0	2	-	70	0	" "	
			1610	20	5900	1730	1500	842	0	1	-	80	1	" "	
			STRONG NE FLCW - RAIN												
228	S	741031	1030	20	5830	1745	1800	806	2	7	-	50	-	In clouds, rain after 10 min.	
			1050	13	5750	1810	1800	806	1	3	-	280	-	In clouds and rain, icing	
			1110	20	5820	1800	1800	806	1	2	-	180	-	In clouds and rain, icing	
			STRONG NE WINDS - RAIN - IN CLOUDS												
33	N	741115	1040	30	6015	1100	1300	847	1	0	-	20	3.9	5/8SC top 1200m 7/8 As	
			1115	20	6015	1100	1500	827	1	0	-	1.7	In Sc and Cu clouds		
			STRONG SW FLOW - CLOUDY												

NO.	LAB.	DATE:	SAMPLING				POSITION LAT. N	LONG. E(W)	HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	CONC; µgm⁻³		PART. • 10² cm⁻³	TEMP. °C	REMARKS
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.							SO₂	SO₄			
122	UK-M	7/0205	1050	40	5032	0603W	60		1022	51	20	1.31g m⁻³	5,0	080° - 17 ms⁻¹	
		1130	33	5032	0603W		130	1013	51	19	"	14 "	5,0	090° - 13 ms⁻¹	
		1205	32	5032	0603W		540	965	39	18	"	12 "	0,0	100° - 10 ms⁻¹	
		1250	30	5032	0603W		320	991	49	23	"	14 "	1,0	090° - 11 ms⁻¹	
		concurrently with 4 preceding samples:							51	20	"	12 "	3,0		
		1325	32	5032	0603W		1230	888	7	5	"	2 "	2,0	100° - 11 ms⁻¹	
		E FLOW - PARTLY CLOUDY													
301	DK	750206	0840	30	5540	0805	650	958	4	-	15	-	10,2	RH: 50%, 8/8St at 300m top	
		0905	10	5505	0645		650	958	3	-	4	-	10,4	" 48%	
		0930	21	5440	0540		200	1010	10	4	5	-	8,1	58%, 4/8St at 180m top	
		0955	30	5400	0400		200	1009	32	11	20	-	9,3	" 55%	
		1030	30	5210	0220		200	1006	75	10	35	-	9,3	" 19%, no clouds, haze	
		1100	29	5240	0320		160	1011	51	10	28	-	8,1		
		1130	20	5425	0500		160	1014	24	4	20	-	7,7	" 24%, clear	
		1200	30	5505	0640		330	995	3	3	18	-	7,0		
		1225	30	5535	0830		650	959	3	0	-	-	9,5		
		1310	30	5500	1040		650	959	2	-	-	-	11,0	" 32%	
		ESE FLOW - CLEAR - OVER W PART - HIGH PRESSURE RIDGE - VAR WINDS AND FOG OVER E PARTS													
233	S	750212	1025	15	5910	1735	1250	857	1	1	10	-	8/8 above; 4/8St below		
		1045	13	5834	1742		940	893	0	1	10	-	very hazy westward		
		1105	12	5758	1810		400	957	1	1	10	-	7/8 above; 7/8Sc below		
		1120	12	5726	1752		400	957	-	1	15	-	6/8 Sc above		
		1135	12	5712	1716		350	962	1	4	40	-	5/8 Sc above		
		1155	11	5646	1630		350	962	1	7	70	-	Hazy		
		1210	10	5720	1620		940	893	1	2	30	-	Jc int after 8 min. 7/8Ac above, 8/8St below		
		1235	25	5820	1650		1480	841	0	2	-	-	Icing 7/8 Ac above, 8/8 St below		

NO.	LAB.	DATE	SAMPLING			POSITION		HEIGHT m	PRESSURE mb	SC ₂ μg/m ³	WIND deg/ms ⁻¹
			TIME GMT	DUR. min.	LAT. N	LONG. E (W)					
524		710709	0820	41	5200	0100E	1280	878	53	-	-
		0943	45	5250	0220E	2030	803	45	-	-	-
		1053	45	5250	0220E	150	1006	37	-	-	-
		1150	45	5250	0220E	1000	908	46	-	-	-
525		1246	39	5250	0220E	2620	747	59	-	-	-
		1335	34	5200	0100E	1300	878	64	-	-	-
		710825	21	5350	0425W	2000	800	1	-	-	-
		1247	29	5350	0425W	150	996	48	-	-	-
526		1321	22	5350	0425W	910	913	10	-	-	-
		1414	42	5350	0425W	2500	757	2	-	-	-
		711001	1041	35	5410	0000	310	987	37	23010	-
		1146	33	5410	0000	550	960	23	22510	-	-
527		1234	30	5410	0000	930	916	3	23012	-	-
		1316	33	5410	0000	1330	877	3	25011	-	-
		711022	1032	32	5250	0220E	140	1006	18	25521	-
		1129	39	5250	0220E	390	977	16	26525	-	-
528		1226	33	5250	0220E	880	918	6	28530	-	-
		711102	1147	34	5350	0055E	160	1010	31	23518	-
		1305	38	5350	0055E	470	970	19	25023	-	-
		1356	36	5350	0055E	300	988	27	24521	-	-
529		1446	33	5350	0055E	1140	891	0	27021	-	-
		711104	1112	79	5330	0100W	2410	767	3	30017	-
		1226	28	5555	0150W	300	982	4	26018	-	-
		1323	36	5410	0000	300	987	22	26015	-	-
		1405	28	5300	0130E	300	990	11	26012	-	-
		1445	35	5200	0140E	300	983	21	26012	-	-

